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## ENGLISH AND CHINESE

## LESSONS.

BY REV. A. W. LOOMIS.


AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY, 150 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,
757 MARKET STREET san francisco, Cal.

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Without study when young幼 不 學
What will one do when old？
－老 何 爲

Youth is for learning，
幼 而 學
Manhood for action．

## 哇 而 行

Diligence has its reward，勤有功
Play is without profito
戲 無 经

## CONTENTS.




## INTRODUCTION.

In attempts to teach the Chinese to read and speak our language there has been a want of suitable books.

After many solicitations, the authors of this little volume undertook the task of preparing the book now offered to the public.
It has been made with two principal facts in view. First: That most of the Chinese who will use it are not mere children, but are lads and young men from ten to twenty-five years of age, and many will use it who are much oller. What they need, therefore, is a book which shall carry them throngh all the steps of learning, beginning with the alphabet; while at the same time the subjects of the lessons ought to be of a graver character than the simple stories prepared for little children.

Second: As the book is designed especially for use in Sabbath Schools and the family, the subjects of the lessons are so designed that the teacher will feel that his strength is not all expended in the mere effort to teach the pupil to read, but that while he is teaching him the art of reading and speaking there are also facts and truths of the most weighty character brought before his mind.

A glance at the book itself will convey the best idea of its plan and designs.

The lists of words preceding.each new lesson are exercises in spelling and defining, and are composed of the new words contained in the lesson, and which have not previously been used. In this way we have in this primary work-small as it is-lists of more than 1600 words, with their Chinese definitions. It is expected that each lesson will be mastered, and the definition of every word thoroughly learned, before the pupil is permitted to undertake another lesson. This system will, we think, prove more beneficial to the scholar than would a mere glossary of all the words at the end of the book.

The Chinese idiom differs so much from the English that a classical English sentence translated into elegant Chinese may not afford the young scholar all the service he desires in arriving at the meaning and force of each word of his lesson; therefore, in our enileavor to give as plain and direct a translation as possible, elegance of style has often been sacrificed. Provincialisms may occasionally be detected in the Chinese portion of the text; but we trust they will not interfere at all with the usefulness of the book, and that it may bo of service in teaching our language to any who read Chinese.

The work will also be of use to any of our people who wish to acquire a knowledge of the Chinese language. The learner has only to mark with his pencil the sound of the Chinese words, just as he may catch it from any Chinese whom be may be teaching or whom he may call upon for such service.

The phrases, forms of letters, business forms, abbreviations, \&c., \&c., as well as many things in the body of the work, are very essential for a Chinaman to understand, who expects to do business with our people.



## ALPHABET.,




| 7 | 7 | VII | Sev－en | 七 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 | viII | Eight | 八 |
| 9 | 9 | IX | Nine | 九 |
| 0 | 10 | x | Ten | 十 |
| 11 | 11 | XI | E．lev－en | ＋ |
| 12 | 12 | XII | Twelve | 十二 |
| 13 | 18 | XIII | Thir teen | 十三 |
| 14 | 14 | xiv | Four－teen | 十四 |
| 15 | 15 | xv | Fifteen | 十互 |
| 16 | $i 6$ | xvi | Six－teen | 十六 |
| 17 | 17 | XVII | Sev－entten | 十七 |
| 18 | $18$ | XVIII | Eigh－teen | 十八 |
| 19 | 19 | XIX | Nine－teen | 十九 |
| 20 | 20 | xx | Twen－ty． | 二十 |
| 21 | 21 | xxI | Twen－ty one | 二十－ |
| 22 | $2 \mathscr{}$ | xxif | Twen－ty two | 二十二 |
| 23 | 28 | XXIII | Twen－ty three | 二十三 |
| 24 | 24 | xxiv | Twen－ty four | 二十四 |
| 25 | 25 | xxy | Twen－ty five | 二十五 |


| 14. | Exclush and cinises lessons． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 20 | xxvi | Twen－ty six | 二十六 |
| 27 | 27 | xxvii | Twen－ty sev－en | 二十七 |
| 28 | 28 | xxviII | Twen－ty eight | 二十八 |
| 29 | 29 | xxix | Twen－ty nine | 二十九 |
| 30 | 80 | xxx | Thir－ty | 三十 |
| 31 | 31 | xxxi | Thir－ty one | 三十一 |
| 40 | 40 | xL | For－ty | 四十 |
| г0 | 50 | L | Fif－ty | 五十 |
| 60 | 60 | LX | Six－ty | 六十 |
| \％0 | 70 | Lxx | Sev－en－ty | 七十 |
| 80 | 80 | Lxxx | Eighty | 八十 |
| 90 | 90 | xc | Nine－ty | 九十 |
| 100 | 100 | C | One hun－dred | 一百 |
| 101 | 101 | CI | One hun－dred an | 一百零一 |
| 102 | 102 |  | One hun－dred and | 一百零二 |
| 103 | 10 \％ | CIII | One bun－dred and | －ee 一百零三 |
| 200 | 200 | Cc | Two hun－dred | 二百 |
| 300 | 800 | cCC | Three hun－dred | 三百 |
| 400 | 400 | cocc | Four hun－dred | 四百 |


| 500 | D | Five huu－dred | 五百 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 600 | DC | Six hun－dred | 六百 |
| 700 | DCC | Seven bun－dred | 七百 |
| 800 | DCCC | Eight hun－dred | 八百 |
| 900 | DCCCC | Nine hun－dred | 九百 |
| 1，000 | M | One thou－sand | 千 |
| 10，000 | $\overline{\mathrm{x}}$ | Ten thou－sand | 萬 |
| 100，000 | $\overline{\text { c }}$ | One hun－dred thou－sand | 萬 |
| 1，000，000 | $\bar{M}$ | One million | 一百萬 |

ORDINAL NUMBERS．

| $1^{\text {st }}$ | First | 第一 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Sec－ond | 第二 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | Third | 第三 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | Fourth | 第四 |
| $5_{\text {th }}^{\text {th }}$ | Fifth | 第五 |
| 6 | Sixth | 第六 |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ | Sev－enth | 第七 |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ | Eighth | 第八 |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ | Ninth | 第九 |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | Tenth | 第十 |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ | E－lev－enth | 第 |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ | Twelfth |  |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ | Thir－teenth | 第 |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ | Four－teenth | 第十 |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ | Fif－teenth | 第十 |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ | Six－teenth | 第 |
| $17^{\text {th }}$ | Sev－en－teenth | 第十 |

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| $18^{\text {th }}$ | Eigh－teenth | 第十八 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ | Nine－teenth | 第十九 |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ | Twen－ti－eth | 第二十 |
| $21^{\text {st }}$ | Twen－ty first | 第二十三 |
| $22^{\text {nd }}$ | Twen－ty sec－ond | 第二十三 |
| $23^{\text {rd }}$ | Twen－ty third | 第二十三 |
| $30^{\text {th }}$ | Thir－ti－eth | 第三十 |
| $40^{\text {th }}$ | For－ti－eth | 第彴十 |
| $50^{\text {th }}$ | Fif－ti－eth | 第五 |
| $60^{\text {th }}$ | Six－ti－eth | 第六十 |
| $70^{\text {th }}$ | Sev－en－ti－eth | 第七十 |
| $80^{\text {th }}$ | Eigh－ti－eth | 第八十 |
| $90^{\text {th }}$ | Nine－ti－eth | 第九十 |
| $100{ }^{\text {th }}$ | One hun－dredth | 第 — 百 |
| $101{ }^{\text {st }}$ | One hun－dred and first | 第一百零一 |
| $102^{\text {nd }}$ | One hun－dred and sec－ond | 第一百零二 |
| $103{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | One hun－dred and third | 第一百雰三 |
| $1,000^{\text {th }}$ | One thou－sandth | 第一千古 |
| $1,000,000^{\text {th }}$ ． | One mill－ionth | 第一百両 |

## PUNCTUATION．䵲書之法

，Com－ma．Pause long e－nough to count one．

## 停止可數一之入

；Semi－co－lon．Pause long e－nough to count one，two．傐止可數二之入
：Co－lon．Pause long e－nough to count one，two，three．
停止可數三之久

Pe－ri－od．Pause long e－nough to count one，two， three，four．

？In－ter－ro－ga－tion Point．考問之號
\＆Ex－cla－mation Point．驚謊媄嘆之號
${ }^{66}$ ，Quo－ta－tion Marks．
引句之號
，A－pos－tro－phe．Sign of the o－mis－sion of one or more let－ters of a word，and of the pos－ses－sive case．

－Hy－phen．Used to sep－ar－ate words in－to syl－la－bles．
相 連 字 之號
－Dash．De－notes a sud－den pause of va－ri－a－ble length．

## 忽然停止聲音一息之號

（）Pa－ren－the－sis．In－clos－es words，which should be read with a low－er and more rap－id voice than the oth－er parts of the sen－tence．此號內兩頭截住的字要讀得快而且低 聲
In－dex．Points to a pas－sage which re－quires at－ten－tion．

## 此號所指是緊要的

## EXERCISE IN ARTICULATION.

|  | ag ga al la | ar | wa | alb bla |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| eb be | eg ge el le | er re | we | elb ble |
| ib bi | ig gi il li | ir ri | wi | ilb lid |
| ob bo | og go ol lo | or ro | wo | olb blo |
| ub bu | ug gu ul lu | ur ru | 1 | ulb blu |
|  | - gy - ly | ry | wy | - bly |
| ac ca | ah ha am ma | as sa | ya | arb bra |
| ec ce | ch he em me | cs se | ye | erb bre |
| ic ci | ih hi im mi | is si | yi | irb bri |
| oc co | oh ho om | os so | yo | orb bro |
| uc cu | uh hu um mu | uis sul | yu | urb bru |
| cy | - hy - my | - sy |  | - bry, |
| ad da | aj ja an na | at ta | az za | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ p $\mathrm{p}^{\text {la }}$ |
| ed de | ej je en ne | et te | ez ze | elp ple |
| id di | ij ji in ni | it ti | iz zi | ilp pli |
| od do | oj jo on | ot to | oz zo | ${ }_{\text {olp }}$ p plo |
| ud du | uj ju un nu | ut tu | uz zu | ulp plu |
| - dy | - jy - ny | - ty | - zy | - ply |
| af fa | ak ka ap pa | av va | ath tha | ard dra |
| ef fe | ek ke ep pe | ev ve | eth the | erd dre |
| if fi | ik ki ip pi | iv vi | ith thi | ird dri |
| of fo | ok ko op po | ov vo | oth tho | ord dro |
| uf fu | uk ku up pu | uv vu | uth thu | urd dru |
| fy | - ky - py | - vy |  | - dry |





NO． 3.
be hed ed bed 床 be beg eg beg 求，乙 be bet et bet 相賭 de den en den 䔰 fefed ed fed 喂了 ge get et get 得 he hen en hen 母雞

he hem em hem 衣邊 he her er her $\}$ 他那女 \}人的 je jet et jet 噴水 ke keg，eg keg 小桶 le led ed led 引導了 le leg，eg leg 腿 le let et let 任從 NO． 4.
me men＂en men 血人 me met et met 遇着了 pe peg eg peg 木金

rered ed red 紅 se set et set 敎 ve vex ex vex $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 難爲，} \\ \text { 激 }\end{array}\right.$ we wet et wet ye yet et yet $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 王且，} \\ \text { 更有 }\end{array}\right.$

## NO． 5.

bi hid id bid 命令 bibig ig big 大 bi bit it bit $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 咬了 } \\ \text { 一點 }\end{array}\right.$ di dig ig dig 掘 di dim im dim 䁖暗 di dip ip dip 囉水 fi fig ig fig 無花果 fifin in fin 魚翅 fi fit it fit 合式
24.
hi hid id hid 蔵了｜wi wig ig wig 假頭髮 hi him im him 他


| ki kid | id kid | 小山羊 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| li lid | id lid | 蓋 |
| li lip | ip lip | 口唇 |
| mi mix | ix mix | 交雜 |
| ni nib | ib nib | 筆尖 |
| ni nip | ip nip | 榆 |
|  | NO． 6 ． |  |

pi pig ig pig 小猪
do $\operatorname{dog} \operatorname{og} \operatorname{dog}$ 犬
do dot ot dot 一㸃 pi pin in pin 無孔針 pi pit it pit 坑 ri tib ib rib 脇骨 ri rim im rim 邊子
ri rip iprip 扯開
si siv in sin 罪惩 si sip ip sip $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 慢慢的 }\end{array}\right.$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { si sit } & \text { it sit } & \text { 众 } \\ \text { ti tin } & \text { in tin } & \text { 錫 } \\ \text { ti tip } & \text { ip tip } & \left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 頂子尖 } \\ \text { 處 }\end{array}\right.\end{array}$ fo fog og fog $\begin{aligned} & \text { 霧 } \\ & \text { fo fop op fop }\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 花花公 } \\ \text { 子 }\end{array}\right.\end{aligned} . \begin{aligned} & \text { for }\end{aligned}$ fo for or for 代，因爲 go God od God 神 go got ot got 得了 ho hog og hog 猪 ho hop op hop 單恠跳 ho hot ot hot 熱

NO． 8 ．
jo job ob job $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 零碎工 } \\ \text { 夫 }\end{array}\right.$
lo lop op lop 伐枝 lo lot ot lot 一 段地 mo mob ob mob\｛ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 愚导鼓噪 }\end{array}\right.$ no nod od nod no not ot not po pod od pod 营殻

po pot ot pot 㚜 no rob ob rob 打劫 no rod od rod 棍 so sod od sod 草皮 so sot ot sot 酒徒 to top op top 上面 NO． 9.
bu bud aud bud 芽 bu bug vg bug 虫 bu but ut but 但，惟 cu＇cub wb cub 小䩆 cu cup up cup 杯 cu cut ut cut 割 du dug vg dug 掘了 qu fun un fun 玩耍 gu gum um gum 樹摎
gu gun un gun 炮 huh hub wb hub 車輪心 hi hug vg hug 懐抱 hi hum um hum 鶯聲

huh hut ut hut 茅舍 NO．10． jul jug vg jug 有耳瓶 lu lug vg lug 拉 mu mug vg mug 有耳杯 nu nut ut nut 核子

pu pup up pup 小狗 ru run un run 奔走 suss sun un sun 日頭 tu tub wb tub 木桶


LESSONS IN WORDS OF THREE LETTERS．


LESSON I． | and 盖，和 | the 個，其 |
| :--- | :--- |
| ate 肐 |  |

1．A dog and a cat．
2．The dog bit the cat．
3．A cat and a rat．
4．The cat ate the rat．


1．I see the man．
2．Do you see him？
3．He is a fat man．
4．The boy is not fat．


## IESSON IV．

 up 上 day 日，天 now 如今 it 他 sky穹蒼，天 in 於，裡
## IESSON III．

 cow 母 牛 \｜on 在上1．A hog and a jig．［pig．
2．I seè a bighog and a fat
3．Ab boy and a cow．
4．The boy is on the cow．


1．The sun is up．
2．It is red．
3．Now it is day．
4．The sun is in the sky．
$\begin{array}{llll}4 & 3 & 2 & 1\end{array}$



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## IESSON IX．

 arm 手 臂 why 銪何 tea 茶 new 新 bed 床

1．A boy and a dog．
2．Imet a boy and a dog．
3．The dog bit the boy on the arin．
4．Whiy did he do so？
5．Is the dog mad？

|  |
| :---: |

1．The boy has the tea．
2．The tea is in the tin cup．
3．He may sip the tea，but it is hot．
4．He has a new cap．
5．The cap is on the bed．


1．Who can see God？
2．I can－not see him．
3．You can－not see him．
4．No man can see him， but he can see us and all men．

| 見沒你我誰 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 我有不不能第 |  |
| 狮人能能見十 |  |
| 和能見見 |  |
| 臭見他他。課 |  |
|  |  |
| 但 |  |
| 他 | 边 |
| 能 | 的 |

IESSON XIV． | his 他 的 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| eye 眼 | of 甚遠 |

If a man $\sin$ ，his $\sin$ can－ not be hid；for the eye of God is on hin：if he is far off God can see him．


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## IESSON XVI－

ill不好 pay 還銀｜end 終 ${ }^{\circ}$ aim 主意 O 興，呵 act 行，爲 owe 欠 any－one 不論何人

1．All men sin． Yonsin．Isin．

2．God can see us． He has an car for all we siy．

3．Do not say it is no sin to lie：it is a sin．Say ill of no one．Do no bad act．Pay all you owe．Do not rob any－one－no， not of a $p^{\text {in．}}$

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4. Let me not sin in all I say or do. God can aid me to go in the way of His law. Go not in the way of a bad mán. Do no ill. A bad man has a bad end.
5. O God, let our aim be not to go in the way of $\sin$; let us not lie or do as bad men do.

5


## LESSONS IN WORDS OF FOUR LETTERS．

## LESSON XVII．

The Pronouns，and the Verb Have．
have 有｜will 主意｜comb 梳｜gown 長衫 book 書 deer 鹿 must 必須 seat 坐位 ball 球 rope 䌐 will have 將來要有 desk 寫字枱

1．I have a book．
2．You have a ball．
3．He has a comb．
4．Ah Sam has a gun．
5．We will have a desk．

6．She will have a new gown．
7．They had a deer．
8．We must uso a rope．
9．They must have a seat．

soap 覞子 pail 水桶 maj地理圖 boot 靴

1．They have my boat．
2．Who has my pail？
3．Ah Kwai had your pail．
4．Who has our soap？
5．Who had his boot？
6．Who has her rice？
7．We have their map．

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1
\end{array}
$$

我誰誰誰亞誰他們有有有貴有們第有他他我有我有十他那的們你的我八們女靴的的水的課的人子粯水桶一地的 ${ }^{\circ}$ 千桶 ${ }^{\circ}$ 隻理米 。－船



## 工صSSON XXII．

what 基 麼 were 是 glad 蕉人 喜 hear 聽聞
sir 先生 name age 年歲 like 中意
live 居住 come here 此處 soon 快 cit－y 城 town 城，邑 boru 生，出世

Easy Conversation．

1．What is your name？My name is Sam Sing．
2．What is your age？I will soon be fif－teen．
3．Do you live in the cit－y？Yes，sir．
4．I am glad to hear it．I will go and see you．
5．In what town were you born？I was born in Hong－kong．
6．Do you like it here？Yes，I like it ver－y well．
6
5


先


䁌11＋11


## IESSON XXIV．

Lord 主宰｜son 子｜weak 弱｜re－ly 倚賴 place 地方 sins 罪惩 fear 畏懼 thus 如此 heal 醫 life 生 命 drawnigh 近 er－er－$y$－where 各處｜such 如此的｜for－ev－er 永遠

Rely upon God．
1．Fear the Lord．Draw nigh to Him，and He will draw nigh to you．God says：My son give me thy heart．It shall be well with such as fear Him． 2．Pray to God．He is nigh to all who call upon him．We may pray to him in any place，for God is ev－er－y－where．

3. I may ask God to heal me if I am sick, to help me if I am weak. I may beg Hin to give me food to eat, and may ask Him for what I need to wear. I must seek His care when I go to bed. I must re-ly up-on God as long as I live.
4. I must beg Him to blot out all my sins, and to give me a new heart; thus in life God will love me, when I die I will have joy, and after death my soul shall be full of joy for-ev-er and for-ev-er.

4



2. He made all the birds and the beasts with all crea-tures which fly in the air, or that crawl on the earth, or that live in the ground; also the fish and all things that live in the wa-ter.
3. He made the trees, the grass, the grain, and all kinds of fruit: last of all He made man; male and fe-male made He them.
4. God made all things in the space of six days, and all were very good.
5. On the sev-enth day, He rest-ed from all the work which He had done. He blessed the sev-enth day, and made it a ho-ly day.
6. He al-so bids us la-bor, and do all our work in six days, and to keep the sab-bath ho-ly, and in it not to work nor play.

|  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
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3. The bod-y is ver-y won-der-ful-ly made. E-ver-y part is fit-ted to its of-fice, and there is no part that is not need-ed. No man has e-ver made as per-fect, as in-ge-ni-ous, as won-der-ful a ma-chine as the hu-man bod-y. Of all that God made man was his last and his no-blest work.
4. Let us thank Him for all the good that He has done. The earth is full of the works of His hands. Love God, and keep His law; for great peace have all they that keep his com-mand-ments.

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## IESSOIN XXVIII．

sens．es 五官 dumb 吗 stand 站立 sight 目看 pleassd悅樂 speak 講 walk 行，走 smiles 微笑 deaf－mutes 聾 啞 hear－ing 耳 聽
blind 薣盲 chew 嚼噬 taste 嘗味 smell 鼻聞 deaf 靖 nor 又不 grieves 憂 悶，悲 哀 han－dle 拈 弄，摩 touch 手 摩，捫

The Five Senses．
1．There are five sens－ es，sight，hear－ing，sinell， touch，and táste．

2．We see with our eyes，and hear with our ears；with the nose we smell，with the fin－gers we touch，and taste with the tongue．
2 1

| 。㖠器 |
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| －啊 |
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|  |
| 叫犆 |
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50. 
51. Some can-not see, they are blind; some cannot hear, they are deaf: the dumb can-not speak; deaf-mutes can neith-er hear nor speak.
52. With our hands we han- dle, with our legs we walk, and we stand on our feet. We speak with the tongue, and chew with the teeth. He smiles who is pleased, he grievcs who is sad.

4 3


## IESSON XXIX

chair 椅｜fowls 飛禽｜like 像似｜oth－er 別 clothes衣裳 falls 落下 sleep 睡 swim 汹水 trade 貿易 yields 生，産 milk 乳 ov－er－rules 管 理 bread 麵 餅，饅 頭
wag－on 車 wool 羊毛 ships 船 carry運，带 knife 刀 sheep 羊 place 處 shine 照光 a－round 週 圍 ride 騎 騳，坐 車

## God Overrules all Things．

1．We sit on a chair，we sleep in à bed：men ride in a wag－on．We use a knife to cut：bread is good to eat；clothes are to wear．Men ride on hors－es； cows give milk ：wool is tak－en from the sheep；fowls lay eggs．：

2．Beasts walk on the ground，birds fly in the air， and fish swim in the sea．

2 1

3. The earth is like a ball. Ships sail a-round it, and men in one place trade with men in oth-er places, and the fruits of one land are car-ried to an-oth-er.
4. The sun shines; the rain falls; the earth yields grass, grain and fruit : thus men and beasts have all they need to eat and wear.
5. God who made all things, also ov-er-rules all things.



## IESSON XXXI．

 ago 以前 $\mid$ to day 今日 o－bey 聽從｜ought 該 dwell 居住 know 知道 ear－ly 早 find尋着，得 Love God．1．When were you born？Twelve years ago．
2．How long will you live？I do not know ：no one knows how long his life may be．We may die to－day．

3．When you die，whère will you go？If I love and o－bey God，He will take me to dwell with Him．

4．Ought you then to love God？Yes，I ought to love Him with all my heart．

5．When ought you to love Him？I ought to love Him now and al－ways．God says：＂I love them that love me，and those that scek me ear－ly shall find me．＂


2. We have sin-ned. . God hates sin, but He loves my soul. Christ died to save my soul. He died on the cross. Ilis blood was shed for me. If I love Him, He will save my soul.
3. Je-suis says: "Come un-to me all ye that labor and are heav-y lad-en and I will give you rest, Take my yoke up-on you and learn of me, for I am meek and low-ly in heart; and ye shall find rest to your soul: for my yoke is ea-sy and my bur-den is light.


## IESSON

XXXIII．
best 頂好 liv－ing生活 by 由，以 taught 教訓 should 應該 this 此，這 個 Holy Ghost 聐 霊 through 通，以 hap－py 有 福，歡 喜 vis－ions 顯現；異象 New Tes－ta－ment 新
voice 口聲 write 䉆 an－gels天使 giv－en賜給 called 呌，稱，謂 aud－i－ble 耳 聽 的 could 能，可以 min－is－try 使鲇，事職 please 教 人 喜 歡 Old Tes－ta－ment 舊 約 The Bible．，

1．Which is the best of all books？The Holy Bi－ble．Why is it the best book？Be－causo it teach－es us about thie one liv－ing and true God，and how we may please Him ：it teach－es us how we－may be hap－py in this life，and in the life to come．

2. If God is a spir-it and we can-not see Him, how could He give us the Bi-ble? All that is in the Bi-ble, was giv-en to us through holy men, who were taught by the Holy Ghost, what they should speak and write.
3. How did God teach them? He taught them by vis-ions and dreams, and by an aud-i-ble voice, and by the min-is-try of an-gels.
4. The Bi-ble has two parts, which are called, the Old Tes-ta-ment and the New Tes-ta-ment.



3. God for-ev-er re-mains the same, He can-not change. All oth-er be-ings change. All things had a be-gin-ning; for God made all things. We all were born, and we must all die.
4. The peo-ple of all lands were cre-at-ed and are pre-served by this one liv-ing and true God, therefore all peo-ple ought to wor-ship Him.
5. ${ }^{6}$ Praise God, from whom all bless-ings flow, Praise Him, all creat-urcs here be-low, Praise Him a-bove, ye heav-en-ly hosts, Praise Fath-er, Son, and Ho-ly Ghost."



2．＂Fath－er，save us from our sin， Sav－iour，we Thy mer－cy crave， Gra－cious Spir－it，make us clean； Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it，save．

3．＂Fath－er，let us taste Thy love， Sav－iour，fill our souls with peace， Spir－it，come our hearts to move； Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it bless．

4．＂Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it，Thou
One Je－ho－vah，shed a－broad
All Thy grace with－in us now；
Be our Fath－er and our God．＂
64.

## IESSON XXXVII．

| sec－onds | 渺 | month | 個月 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| min－uts | 分 | lu－nar | 属月的 |
| hour | —點鐘 | cal－en－dar | 照日歴 |
| woek | 一僼拜 |  |  |

## Divisions of Time．

1．Six－ty sec－onds make one min－ute．
2．Six－ty min－utes make one hour．
3．Twen－ty four hours make one day．
4．Seveen days make one week．

> Days of the Weer.


5．Some call thir－ty days a month，and some call four weeks a month；but twelve cal－en－dar months，or three hundred and six－ty five days， make one year．

Months of the Year．

| Jan－u－a－ry | 正月 | July | 七月 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Feb－ru－a－ry | 三月 | Au－gust | 几月 |
| March | 三月 | Sep－ten－ber 九月 | tR |
| A－pril | 四月 | Oc－to－ber | 十月 |
| May | 五月 | No－vem－ber 十二月 |  |
| June | 六月 | De－cem－ber 十二月 | 十二 |



## IESSON XXXVIII．

leap year 閏年 $\mid$ hath 有 ${ }^{\text {a－lone }}$ 單，獨 leap 跳，躍 1 rest 餘剩 $\mid$ each 每，各

Length of the Months．

1．Four months of the year have each thir－ty days．
2．Sev－en months have each thir－ty one days．
3．One month has twen－ty eight days，but in leap year it has twen－ty nine．
4．Thir－ty days hath Sep－tember，
A－pril，June，and No－vem－ber；
All the rest have thir－ty one，
Feb－ru－a－ry，twen－ty eight a－lone，
But in leap year twen－ty nine．
5．Ev－er－y fourth year has three hun－dred and six－ ty six days，and is called leap year．The next leap year will be 1876 ．


IESSON

## XXXIX

| flood | 洪水 | time | 時候 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| birth | 生甡 | past | 往時 |
| till | 到，至 | fu－ture | 來時 |
| es-ent | 在，今時 | cen－tu－ry | 一百年 |
| yes－ter－day | 昨日 | cre－a－tion | 創造宇宙 |

Time Present，Past，and Future．

1．Counting from the birth of Christ，we live in the nine－teenth cen－tu－ry．From the cre－a－tion to the flood there were 1656 years；from the flood to the birth of Christ there were 2348 years，and from the birth of Christ till the pres－ent time there have been 1872 years．

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2．We speak of time pres－ent，past，and fu－ture． We speak of to－day，yes－ter－day，and the day be－ fore yes－ter－day；of to－mor－row，and the day aft－er to－mor－row；of this week，last week，and next week：also，of this month，last mouth，and next month．

3．What day is to－day？This is Tues－day．What day was yester－day？It was Mon－day．What is to－mor－row？To－mor－row is Wed－nestday．

3
是 禮 手 今 月，先 前 時 論禮 拜 二 日下禮 日，來 時手－○ 是 月拜，明時候三 ○ 昨 幾下日，


我


禮 後 又仰
日 是 ○
手，日，說 分
是 幾 今
幾 日 日
前 這 今 說本 個 日，今
日 0 是月，禮 昨 時
○是 禮 前 拜日，往

## エESSON Xエ＿

| strength | 氣力 | gained | 得贏 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| shalt | 必 | cer－tain | 實，重 |
| cat－tle | 畜生 | sorro | 是悶 |
| dead | 死亡，死者 | spent | 用完度 |
| ghl－ter | 女子 | toils |  |
|  |  | pro－f | 号 |
|  | 僕 | wh | 不論 何 |
| id-serv-i | 奴婢 | fore-run. | 前 驅 |

## The S．b－bath．

1．Sun－day is al－so called the Lord＇s day，for on that day Christ a－rose from the dead．It is al－so called the Sab－bath，for it is a day of rest ：on it we must not dd any work．

2．＂The sey－enth day is the Sab－bath of the Lord thy God，in it thou shalt not do any work，thou，nor thy son，nor thy daugh－ter，nor thy man－serv－ant， nor thy maid－serv－ant，nor thy cat－tle．＂


3．＂$\Lambda$ Sab－bath well spent，
Brings a week of con－tent， And strength for the toils of the mor－row；

But a Sab－bath pro－faned， What－so－ev－er be gained， Is a cer－tain fore－run－ner of sor－row．＂

|  | 無 論 輱 橆 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 若 } \\ & \text { 然 } \\ & \text { 势 } \\ & \text { 息 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 倉 㭉 㚣 安 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



2. In the spring the grass be-gins to grow, the trees put forth their leaves, and the flow-ers lloom; and the far-mer ploughs and sows. The grow-ing grain and fruits are rip-ened by the sum-mer's sun, and in au-tumn the store-hous-es may be filled.
3. God says: that ${ }^{6}$ while the earth re-main-eth, seed-time and har-vest, and cold and heat, and summer and win-ter, and day and night, shall not cease."
3
1


2. Sow in the spring, if you would reap in the fall. The slug-gard will not plough by rea-son of the cold. He shall there-fore beg in har-vest and have noth-ing.
3. What-so-ev-er thy hand find-eth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor de-vice, nor knowl-edge, nor wis-dom, in the grave, whith-er thou go-est.

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76. ENGLISH AND CIINESE LESSONS．

2．The sur－face is made up of land and wa－ter． There is much more wa－ter than land；about three times as much．

3．The earth turns on its ax－is from west to east， once ev－er－y twen－ty four hours；thus caus－ing day and night．It al－so goes a－round the sun once ev－ er－y year；thus caus－ing the change of the sea－sons．

4．The ends of the earth＇s ax－is are called its poles： one is called the north pole，and points to－wards the north star ；the oth－er is called the south pole．

呌 作 地，季 年 運 每 旱 這作 北 樞 更 圍 轉 二 地，外南 極 之 換 着 一 十 大面極 乃 頭

是 尾
頭 因 點 三 早
指 稱
運 此 鐘 倍 地，
轉 分 地
北 地
一 出 球
斗 極
週，畫 從

| 星，一 | 從 | 夜 | 西 | 水 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| －個 | 此 | $\bigcirc$ | 向 | 多 |
| 個 | 呌 | 四 | 每 | 東。 |
| 於 |  |  |  |  |

## IESSOIN KIIV．

| it 軌道 | less 小於 | sys－tem 之宿 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| k－ing 造 | plan－ets行星 | so－lar 岉日 |
| －cuit 一週 | com－ets彗星 | cen－tre 中心 |
| tant 遠 | speed 速，快 | de－clare 顯 出 |

The So－lar System．
1．The di－am－e－ter of the earth is a－bout 8000 miles．Its cir－cum－fer－ence is a－bout 25,000 miles．

2．The earth is a－bout $95,000,000$ of miles from the sun，and moves in its or－bit a－round the sun 68,000 miles ev－er－y hour，or more than a thou－sand miles ev－er－y min－ute；mak－ing the cir－cuit in 365 days and six hours．The sun is near－ly $1,400,000$ times larg－er than the earth．

3. The moon is a-bout 240,000 miles dis-tant from the earth, and goes a-round the earth once ev-er-y twen-ty nine and a half days; thus fol-low-ing the earth a-round the sun. The size of the moon is 49 times less than the size of the earth. •
4. Be-sides the earth there are sev-en large plan-ets and ma-ny small-er ones, which al-so move a-round the sun; each in its own or-bit. There are al-so ma-ny com-ets, one of which moves at a speed of 880,000 miles in an hour. Each com-et has its own or-bit.
5. The sun, the plan-ets with their moons, and the com-ets form what is termed the so lar sis-tem, of which the sun is the cen-tre.
6. The hear-ens de-clare the glo-ry of God, and the firm-a-ment show-eth his hand-i-wo:k.


## IESSON XIV．

| light | 光 | un－i－verse | 宇宙 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fixed | 堅定，不行 | shine－ | 照光 |
| count | 算，數 | treads |  |
| though | 嚾然 | plain | 平地 |
| seem like | 好似彷彿 | clouds |  |
| small | 細小 | high |  |
| dis－tance |  | shields | 遮蔽，庇祏 |
| prob－a－bly | 或者，大約 | close | 合埋 |
| com－ing |  | guards | 保護 |
| trav－els | 行 | morn |  |
| ne | 至近 | rise | 起 |
| reach－ing | 到，及 | kneel | 跖下 |
| con－sid－er |  | serve | 服事 |
| pow－er－ful | 有權力 | he＇ll | 他將 |
| gov－erns | 管理 | he will | 他將要 |
| vast | 廣大 |  |  |

The Stars．
1．There are ma－ny fixed stars，so ma－ny that no man can count them ；but God who made and who keeps them in their places，knows them，and calls them all by their names．

2. The stars are ver-y large; though they seem small to us be-cause of their dis-tance, yet ma-ny of them are prob-a-bly larg-er than the sun.
3. Some of the stars are so dis-tant that their light is five thou-sand years in com-ing to the earth, yet light trav-els a-bout 200,000 miles in a sec-ond. The near-est fixed star is more than twen-ty thousand times as far from us as the sun, and its light is three years and a half in reach-ing the earth.
4. Con-sid-er how great and pow-er-ful God must be who made and gov-erns this vast un-i-verse; and who is at all times pres-ent in ev-ery part of it.

4

5．＇6God made the sun to give us light， The moon and stars that shine at night， He made the earth that gives us grain， He made each beast that treads the plain， He made the clouds，He made the sky， He made the birds that soar on high， He shields us when we close our eyes， He guards us when at morn we rise， He knows all things by night or day， He sees us when we kneel to pray， And if we serve Him till we die， He＇ll take us to His home on high．＂

他我亦日早我造厥亦其星神領等見夜朝閉飛建造奠月适頌神我事我萬醒目鳥穹各地交太在等他等事來時兮蒼獸基輝陽萢携至跪無時蒙展雲脚生夜光上死嶪不藉他翅如踏穀楮照天之時知恩庇高篝平賜不我堂日常到光佑揚幙陽我停菁
82.
ENGLISH AND CIIINESE LESSONS．

## エESSON XIVI．

| in－di－go | 靛色 | yelk 㔻黄 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| blue | 㽉 | black ；黑 |
| green | 緑 | gray 灰色，白 |
| yel－low | 書 | col－ors＊顔色 |
| or－ange | 黄丹色 | va－ri－ousex 多樣 |
| seen | 見 | beau－ti－fu\} 产麗 |
| blend－ed | 措雜 | charm－ing 妙哉，歡悅 |
| rain－bow | 天虹 | pleas－ant／悅 |
| az－ure blue | 青藍 | think |
| white | 白 | kind－ness 仁愛 | shades 㓌影濃淡之分別 vi－o－let 深藍有紅色措雜，紫羅蘭 Col－ors．

1．There are sev－en col－ors；vi－o－let，in－di－go，blue， green，yel－low，or－ange，and red．－These sev－en col－ ors are seen blend－ed in the rain－bow．Each col－or has al－so ma－ny shades．

2. The sky is an az-ure blue. The sea is a deep blue. The grass is green, blood is red, and snow is white ; the yelk of an egg is yel-low, coal is black; in old age the hair turns gray.
3. Who gives the va-ri-ous col-ors to the sky and to the clouds, to the trees and to the flow-ers? It is God; He who hath made all things beau-ti-ful in their sea-son, and who gives us so much that is charm-ing to the eye, and pleas-ant to the taste; there-fore we ought to think of His great kind-ness and care for us.



## Family Relations.

1. Inf a fam-i-ly, we speak of the hus-band and wife, of fath-er and moth-er, grand par-ents and great grand-par-ents; we speak of sons and daugh ters, of grand-sons and grand-daugh-ters, and of great grand-sons and great grand-daugh-ters.

2．There are un－cles and aunts and cous－ins，al－so neph－ews and niec－es．There are fath－ers－in－law and moth－ers－in－law；sons－in－law and daugh－ters－ in－law．

3．The Bi－ble teach－es us to hon－or all peo－ple ac－ cord－ing to their sev－er－al sta－tions and re－la－tions．

$$
3
$$

敬 聖 女 妹 又女，外 家他 書 外 表 有 男 殂 眷 第上 甥，兄 叔 孫 父 裡 四教，又弟㞱，子外頭 十我有姊舅女祖我們 翁 妹，父，孫 母，們 課按 姑 也 姑 子，太 說 論着岳有 母 男 祖 夫 親人 父 侄 姨 重 㕕 婦 苞的 岳 子母，孫 太 父親 母，侄 和 女 祖 母。屬 女 女 堂 重 母，祖職 婿 男 兄 孫 又 货分 媳 外 弟 說 殂恭 婦 甥 姊 兒 母，
4. "Fath-ers, pro-voke not your chil-dren to anger.". "Chil-dren o-bey your par-ents in the Lord for this is right." "The eye that-mock-eth at his fath-er and de-spis-eth to o-bey his moth-er, the-ravens of the val-ley shall pick it out, and the young ea-gles shall eat it."


2. Na-tions have their chief rul-er, called em-peror, king, or pres-i-dent. States have gov-ern-ors; towns have mag-is-trates. Leg-is-la-tors frame the laws. Judg-es and jus-tic-es pre-side in courts. In an em-pire and king-dom the peo-ple are called subjects; in a re-pub-lic they are called cit-i-zens.
3. Hon-or all men. Love the broth-er-hood. Fear God. Hon-or the king
4. The fath-er rules his house-hold ; the king governs the state ; but God is o-ver all, King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.


## ENGLISII AND CIINESE LESSONS.

## IESSON XIIX.


2. Go not with bad men. Look not up-on the wine, when it is red. Shun all the paths of sin. Take God's Word for your guide ; it will be a lamp un-to your feet, and a light un-to your path.
3. The Bi-ble is the word of God. Ho-ly men wrote it, as the Ho-ly Spir-it taught them. The truths of the Bi-ble nev-er change; ev-er-y word is true, and God's truth shall last for-ev-er. Ev-er-y word of God is pure, God is a shield un-to them that put their trust in Him.

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2. "It points us to heav-en, where the right-e-ous will go; It warns us to shun the dark re-gions of woe ; It shows us the e-vil and dan-ger of sin, And o-pens a fount-ain of cleans-ing with-in.
3. "It tells us of One who is might-y to save, Who died on the cross, and a-rose from the grave, Who dwell-eth on high, in that ho-ly a-bode, In-ter-ced-ing for man, with a par-don-ing God.
4. "Oh! who would neg-lect such a vol-ume as this, That warns us of dan-ger, in-vites us to bliss? Send forth the blest Bi-ble, earth's re-gions a-round, Wherev-er the foot-steps of man may be found.



2．＂Thou shalt have no oth－er Gods be－fore me．＂
3．＂Thou shalt not make un－to thee any grav－en im－age，or any like－ness of any thing that is in heav－ en a－bove，or that is in the earth be－neath，or that is in the wa－ter un－der the earth ：thou shalt not bow down thy－self to them，nor serve them：for I the Lord thy God am a jeal－ous God，vis－it－ing the in－ iq－ui－ty of the fath－ers up－on the chil－dren un－to the third and fourth gen－er－a－tion of them that hate me； and show－ing mer－cy un－to thou－sands of them that love me and keep my com－mand－ments．＂

而 孫 乃 皮 水 狀，爾
守 至 疾 服 中，彷 圐
之我 惡 㛎 事 所 彿 怶外誡 我 之 之有 在 己爾者，者 神，蓋 者，上 雕 册則 之 討 我 爾 天，刻别施三父耶 毋下偶有恩 四 之和俯地像，神至 代，罪，華，伏 與 或於惟及爾＂向地作千愛其 之之，下諸代 我 子神，亦之行

## ENGLISII AND CHINESE LESSONS.

4. The gods of the hea-then are i-dols, but Je-hovah made the heav-ens.
5. I-dols are false gods, which are made of wood, stone, gold, and sil-ver. They are the work of men's hands.
6. They have mouths, but they speak not: eyes have they, but they see not. They have ears, but they hear not: nos-es have they, but they smell not. They have hands, but they han-dle not: feet have they, but they walk not; neith-er :peak they through their throat.
7. They that make them are like un-to them; so is ev-er-y one that trust-cth in them.


| LESSON LII． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| said | 曰 | want | 要，政 |
| de－sire | 欲，愛 | any－thing | 不論何 |
| past－ure | 草苑 | thanks－giv－ | \} |
| er－last－in | 承遠 | ing | 䢾 |
| thoughts | 念頭，心思 | de－part | 去， |
| with－out | 沒有 | our－selves | 我等 |
| en－ter | 入 | thank－ful | 感恩的 |
| en－dur－eth | 承存 | a－the－ism | 不信有神 |

A－tine－ism．
1．The fool hath said in his heart：There is no God．God is not in all his thoughts．

2．Know ye that the Lord He is God ：it is He that hath made us，and not we our－selves；we are His peo－ ple，and the sheep of his past－ure．





3．Fools die for want of wis－dom．They say un－to God：De－part from us；for we de－sire not the knowl－edge of thy ways．They say：Who is the Lord that I should o－bey His voice．But there is a God．All things were made by Him，and with－out Him was not any－thing made that was made．

4．En－ter in－to His gates with thanks－giv－ing，and in－to His courts with praise ：be thank－ful un－to Him and bless His name．For the Lord is good；His mer－cy is ev－er－last－ing；and His truth en－dur－eth to all gen－er－a－tions．

4

| 華 | 其 | 爾 | 所 | 我 | 我 | 耇 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 乃 | 院。 | 曾 | 造。 | 聽 | 不 |  |
| 善， | 顽 | 宜 | 凡 | 其 | 願 | 因 |
| 其 | 謝 | 以 | 受 | 言 | 知 | 無 |
| 敄 | 乙 | 祘 | 造 | O | 爾 | 知 |
| 恤 | 而 | 謝 | 者。 | 惟 | 途 | 而 |
| 乃 | 詵 | 而 | 無 | 實 | 也 | 死 |
| 永 | 美 | 入 | 不 | 有 | O | O |
| 存 | 其 | 其 | 由 |  | 云 | 潩 |
| 其 | 名 | 門， | 之 | 神 | 炣 | 别 |
| 窴 | 分 | 以 | 而 | $\bigcirc$ | 和 | 云 |
| 實 | 0 | 䙹 | 造 | 萬 | 華 | 皿 |
| 迄 | 蓋 | 美 | 澙 | 物 | 罭 | 去 |
| 於 | 聈 | 而 |  | 罭 | 誰， | 施 |
| 运 | 和 | 入 |  | 彼 | 使 | 碞 |



2．He healed the sick，the lame，and the blind，the deaf and the dumb，and raised the dead to life．

3．Once，as he was come nigh un－to Jer－i－cho，a cer－tain blind man sat by the way－side beg－ging．And hear－ing the mul－ti－tude pass by，he asked what it meant．And they told him，that Je－sus of Na－za－ reth pass－eth by．And he cried，say－ing，Je－sus，thou Son of Da－vid，have mer－cy on me．
3 2 1

者 ○ 於 有 死 彼 彼 吅呼 臯 道 一 者 醫乃穌曰，日，旁 日 復 病 神，在大 拿 而 彼 生 者。所 世闘 撒 乞 近之 勒 ○ 吅裔 人 聞 利吅 吅 衆 哥魾 穌 經 有乎 過 過，一 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 雅 } & \text { 也 } & \text { 問 } & \text { 瞽 } \\ \text { 恤 } & \text { 〇 } & \text { 其 } & \text { 者 } \\ \text { 我 } & \text { 瞽 } & \text { 故 } & \text { 坐 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 雅 } & \text { 也 } & \text { 問 } & \text { 瞽 } \\ \text { 恤 } & \text { 〇 } & \text { 其 } & \text { 者 } \\ \text { 我 } & \text { 瞽 } & \text { 故 } & \text { 坐 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 雅 } & \text { 也 } & \text { 問 } & \text { 瞽 } \\ \text { 恤 } & \text { 〇 } & \text { 其 } & \text { 者 } \\ \text { 我 } & \text { 瞽 } & \text { 故 } & \text { 坐 }\end{array}$

4. And they which went be-fore re-buked him, that he should hold his peace; but he cried so much the more, Thou Son of Da-vid, have mer-cy on me.
5. And Je-sus stood, and com-mand-ed him to be brought un-to Him : and when he was come near, He asked him, say-ing, What wilt thou that I shall do un-to thee? And he said, Lord, that I may receive my sight. And Je-sus said un-to him, Receive thy sight: thy faith hath saved thee.
6. And im-med-i-ate-ly he re-ceived his sight, and fol-lowed Him, glo-ri-fy-ing God: and all the peo-ple, when they saw it, gave praise un-to God.

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| 焉恶 |
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IESSON エIV．

|  | 取了 | lodge | 投宿 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| dis－ci－ples | 門徒 | vict－uals | 食物 |
| a－side | 背地裡溉 | loaves | 麵 飽，餅 |
| des－ert | 荒野 | ex－cept | 若 |
| knew | 知 | buy | 買，市 |
| ke | 曰 | by fir－ties | 每列五十 |
| heal－ing | 醫 | look－ing | 仰望 |
|  |  | brake |  |
| ay | 甫㫕 | frag－ments | 飳 |
|  |  | re－mained | 稌剰 |
| coun－try | 郷村 | bask－ets | 筐，籃 |

Miracle of Five Loaves and Two Fishes．


1．Once Je－sus took His dis－ci－ples a－side in－to a des－ert place．And the peo－ple，when they knew it， fol－lowed Him：and He re－ceived them，and spake un－to them of the king－dom of God，and healed them that had need of heal－ing．
2. And when the day be-gan to wear a-way, then came the twelve, and said un-to Him, Send the mul-ti-tude a-way, that they may go in-to the towns and coun-try round a-bout, and lodge, and get vict-uals : for we are here in a des-ert place.
3. But He said un-to them, Give ye them to eat. And they said, We have no more but five loaves and two fish-es ; ex-cept we should go and buy meat for all this peo-ple.



4．For they were a－bout five thou－sand men．And He said to His dis－ci－ples，Make them sit down by fif－ ties in a com－pa－ny．And they did so，and made them all sit down．
5．Then He took the five loaves and the two fish－es， and，look－ing up to heav－en，He blessed them，and brake，and gave to the dis－ci－ples to set be－fore the mul－ti－tude．

6．And they did eat，and were all filled；and there was taken up of frag－ments that re－mained to them twelve bask－ets．

| 皆 | 擘 | 吅 | 坐 | ＋ | 謂 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 食 | 而 | 穌 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 門 |
| 而 | 予 | 取 |  | 門 | 徒 |
| 飽。 | 門 | 五 |  | 徒 | 曰 |
| 拾 | 徒。 | 餅 |  | 如 | 使 |
| 其 | 使 | 二 |  | 是 | 乑 |
| 餘 | 陳 | 魚。 |  | 行 | 列 |
| 屑 | 於 | 仰 |  | 之， | 坐 |
| 盛 | 衆 | 天 |  | 遂 | 每 |
| 十 |  | 视 |  | 使 | 列 |
| 二 |  | 之 |  | 衆 | 五 |

## エ巴SSON エV．

| be－hold | 悓哉 | bare | 裸，萛 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| on－ly | 單獨 | stood sti．l | 止步 |
| wid－ow | 賓婦 | a－rise |  |
| m－pas | 矝憫 | glo－ri－f．ed | 㖪榮 |
| weep |  | proph－et | 預 |
| touch | 按 | ris－en | 興．復政了 |
| bier | 絸，棺材架 | a－mong | 中，在內 |
| de－liv－erer | 其 |  | 探，顧 |

> Widow's Son Raised to Life.

1．Christ once went in－to a cit－y called Nain；and ma－ ny of His dis－ci－ples went with Him，and much peo－ple．

2．Now when He came nigh to the gate of the cit－y， be－hold，there was a dead man car－ried out，the on－ly son of his moth－er，and she was a wid－ow：and much peo－ple of the cit－y was with her．

3．And when the Lord saw her，He had com－pas－ sion on her，and said un－to her，Weep not．

4. And He came and touched the bier; and they that bare him stood still. And He said, Young man, I say un-to thee, A-rise.
5. And he that was dead sat up, and be-gan to speak. And He de-liv-ered him to his moth-er.
6. And there came a fear on all: and they glo-rified God, say-ing, That a great prophet is ris-en up a-mong us ; and, That God hath vis-it-ed his peo-ple.


## LESEON IVI．

| shep－herd do－ing | 牧羊，行者 | him－self giv－eth | 自 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| －fort－ed | 安尉 | hire－ling | 僱工者 |
| row－ing | 県䉍 | whose own | 岉於己 |
| ped | 助了 | se－eth |  |
| teach－ing | 教訓 | wolf | 豺娠 |
| c－trine | 道理 | leav－eth | 遺，䧻 |
| lic－ly | 公衆 | fle－eth | 身集避，逃 |
| house | 屋，家 | catch－eth | 征 |
| r－a－bles | 比缶 | scat－ter－eth |  |
| e－times | 有時 | car－eth |  |
| in－pared | 比 | mine | 喦我 者 |

Jesus the Good Shepherd．


1．Our Sav－iour while on the earth was al－ways do－ing good．He not on－ly healed the sick， com－fort－ed the sor－row－ ing，and helped the poor； but was con－tin－u－al－ ly teach－ing good doc－ trine，hoth pub－lic－ly，and from house to house．或 或 善 者，者，安 獨 善 世 我於於道亦助慰醫事時救


2. He taught ma-ny things by par-a-bles. He sometimes com-pared him-self to a shep-herd. He said, I am the good shep-herd: the good shep-herd giv-eth his life for the sheep.
3. But he that is a hire-ling, and not the shep-herd, whose own the sheep are not, se-eth the wolf com-ing, leav-eth the sheep, and fle-eth ; and the wolf catcheth them, and scat-ter-eth the sheep.
4. The hire-ling fle-eth, be-cause he is a hire-ling, and car-eth not for the sheep.
5. I am the good shep-herd, and know my sheep; and am know of mine.


## LESSON LVI．




The Lord Our Shepherd．

1．In the Old Tes－ta－ment，also，the Lord com－ pares himself to a shep－herd，and His people to the－ sheep of His pasture．

2．In the twen－ty third psalm we read ：
2

## 云。

## 詩 篇 言 章 <br> 



$$
\text { ENGLISH and CIINESE LESSONS. } 109 .
$$

3. The Lord is my shepherd; I shall not want. He maketh me to lie down in green past-ures: He lead-eth mé beside the stril wá-ters. He re-stor-eth my soul: He lead-eth me in the paths of right-e-ous-ness for His name's sake.
4. Yea, though I walk through the val-ley of ${ }^{1}$ the shad-ow of death, I will fear no e-vil : for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff they com-fort me.
5. Thou pre-par-est a ta-ble be-fore me in the presence of mine en-e-mies : thon a-noint-est my head with oil ; my cup run-neth o-ver.
6. Sure-ly good-ness and mer-cy shall fol-low me all the days of my life : and I will dwell in the house of the Lord for-ev-er.

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110. 

ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

## IESSON IVIII.




1. We are all sinners, and have wanderèd from God like sheep that have gone a-stray from the fold; but God is ready to for-give, and take us back again.
2. To show how read-y God is to for-give, Je-sus gave us the par-a-ble of the prod-i-gal son.
3. A cer-tain man had two sons: and the young-er of them said to his fath-er, Fath-er, give me the por-tion of goods that fall-eth to me.- And he di-vid-ed in-to them his liv-ing.

4. english and Chinese lessons.
5. And not ma-ny days aft-er the young-er son gath-ered all to-geth-er, and took his jour-ney in-to a far coun-try, and there wast-ed his sub-stance with ri-ot-ous liv-ing. And when he had spent all, there a-rose a might-y fam-ine in that land; and he began to be in want.
6. And he went and joined him-self to a cit-i-zen of that coun-try; and he sent him in-to his fields to feed swine. And he would fain have filled his belly with the husks that the swine did eat: and no man gave un-to him.
7. And when he came to him-self, he said: How ma-ny hired serv-ants of my fath-er's have bread e-nough and to spare, and I per-ish with hun-ger.

8. I will a-rise and go to my fath-er, and will say un-to him, Fath-er, I have sinned a-gainst heav-en and be-fore thee, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy son: make me as one of thy hired serv-ants.
9. And he a-rose, and came to his fath-er. But when he was yet a great way off, his fath-er saw him, and had com-pas-sion, and ran, and fell on his neck, and kissed him.
10. And the son said un-to him, Fath-er, I have sinned a-gainst heav-en, and in thy sight, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy son.

11. But the fath-er said to his serv-ants, Bring forth the best robe, and put it on him ; and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet : and bring hith-er the fat-ted calf, and kill it; and let us eat and be mer-ry : for this my son was dead, and is a-live a-gain; he was lost, and is found. And they be-gan to be mer-ry.
12. Now his eld-er son was in the field : and as he came and drew nigh to the house, he heard mu-sic and danc-ing. And he called one of the serv-ants, and asked what these things meant. And he said un-to him, Thy broth-er is come; and thy fath-er hath killed the fat-ted calf, be-cause he hath re-ceived him safe and sound.

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12. And he was an-gry, and would not go in: therefore came his fath-er out, and en-treat-ed him.
13. And he an-swer-ing said to his fath-er, Lo, these ma-ny years do I serve thee, neith-er transgressed I at any time thy com-mand-ment; and yet thou nev-er gav-est me a kid, that I might make mer-ry with my friends: but as soon as this thy son was come, which hath de-voured thy liv-ing with har-lots, thou hast killed for him the fat-ted calf. N
14. And he said un-to him, Son thou art ev-er with me, and all that I have is thine. It was meet that we shonld make mer-ry and be glad: for this thy broth-er was dead, and is a-live a-gain ; and was lost, and is found.


## IESSON エIX．


pre－pared－弯 伲
lik－ened－比
bride－groom 新郎
fool－ish愚
ves－sels tar－ried slum－bered 㝝 slept－睡 mid－night 一中夜 com－eth＝來
rath－er sell your－selves mar－riage door shut aft－er－ward 在後，斯後 ver－i－ly 誠實 watch

> Parible of the Ten Virging.

1．In order to show us that we ought im－ med－i－ate－ly to re－ pent，and be－come the dis－ci－ples of Christ， and be al－ways pre－ pared to die；Je－sus spake this par－a－ble．


2．Then shall the king－dom of hear－en be lik－ened un－to ten vir－gins，which took their lamps，and went forth to mett the bride－groom．
3. And five of them were wise, and five were foolish. They that were fool-ish took their lamps, and took no oil with them: but the wise took oil in their ves-sels with their lamps.
4. While the bride-froom tar-ried, they all slumbered andslept. And at mid-night there was a cry made, Be-hold, the bride-groom com-eth; go ye out to meat him.

5. Then all those vir-gins a-rose, and trimmed their lamps. And the fool-ish said un-to the wise, Give us of your oil ; for our lamps are gone out. But the wise an-swered, say-ing, Not so ; lest there be not e-nough for us and you: but go ye rath-er to them that sell, and buy for your-selves.
6. And while they went to buy, the bride-groom came; and they that were read-y went in with him to the mar-riage: and the door was shut.
7. Aft-er-ward came al-so the oth-er vir-gins, saying, Lord, Lord, o-pen to us. But he an-swered and said, Ver-i-ly I say un-to you, I know you not.
8. Watch there-fore; for ye know neith-er the day nor the hour where-in the Son of man com-eth.


## エ巴SSON エX．

| of－fer | 送，鷹許 | cool | 凉 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| par－don | 翡之赦 | tor－ment－ed | 受古 |
| clothed | 穿了衣 | flame | 火熘 |
| pur－ple | 紫 | re－mem－ber | 記憶 |
| lin－en | 麻布 | life－time | 生時 |
| fine lin－en | 細布 | un－change－ | \}不纞的 |
| fared | 有食用 | a－ble | 不等的 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { simpt-ul-ous- } \\ & \text { ly } \end{aligned}$ | \}繁萿 | re－ceir－edst l．ke－wise | 得，受 |
| beg－gar | 之正者 | be－tween | 相隔 |
| named | 名稱 | gu＇f | 覑 |
| laid | 見置 | hence | 從此 |
| de－sir－ing | 欲 | thence | 從彼 |
| crumbs | 遺 屑 | would－est | 欲 |
| more－o－ver | 又，況且 | breth－ren | 兄 弟 |
| licked | 䑛了 | tes－ti－fy | 做證 |
| bo－som | 胸 | saith | 曰 |
| bur－ied | 熱理了 | nay | 非然 |
| lift－ed | 提，與 | per－suad－ed | 受勸 |
| tor－ments | 古楚 | rose | 起，復 生 |
| a－far | 遠 |  |  |

1．To show that af－ter death there will be no of－fer of par－don，but that the state of the dead is un－ change－a－ble，Je－sus spake this par－a－ble say－ing ：
2. There was a cer-tain rich man, which was clothed in pur-ple and fine lin-en, and fared sumpt-u-ous-ly ev-er-y day: and tuere was a cer-tain beg-gar named Laz-ar-us, which was laid at his gate full of sores, and de-sir-ing to be fad with the crumbs which fell from the rich man's ta-ble: moreo-v-er the dogs came and licked his sores.
3. And it came to pass, that the beg-gar died, and was car-ried by the an-gels in-to A-bra-ham's bo-som: the rich man al-so died, and was bur-ied ; and in hell he lift-ed up his eyes, be-ing in tor-ments, and se-eth A-bra-ham a-far off, and Laz-ar-us in his bo-som.

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4. And he cried and said, Fath-er A-bra-ham, have mer-cy on me, and send Laz-ar-us, that he may dip the tip of his fin-ger in wa-ter, and cool my tongue; for I am tor-ment-ed in this flame.
5. But A-bra-ham said, Son, re-mem-ber that thoa in thy life-time re-ceiv-edst thy good things, and like-wise Laz-ar-us e-vil things ; but now he is com-fort-ed, and thou art tor-ment-ed. And be-side all this, be-tween us and you there is a great gulf fixed: so that they which would pass from hence to you can-not; neith-er can they pass to us, that would come from thence.

6. Then he said, I pray thee there-fore, fath-er, that thou wouldest send him to my fath-er's house: for I have five breth-ren; that he may tes-ti-fy un-to them, lest they al-so come in-to this place of torment.
7. A-bra-ham saith un-to him, They have Mo-ses and the proph-ets; let them hear them.
8. And he said, Nay, fath-er A-bra-ham : but if one went un-to them from the dead, they will re-pent.
9. And he said un-to him, If they hear not Mo-ses and the proph-ets, neith-er will they be per-suad-ed, though one rose from the dead.


|  | Excuss Axd cirs | Nsse Lessoss | 123． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesson ixi． |  |  |  |
| became | 成爲 | be－trayed |  |
| hav－ing |  | suf．fered | 買 |
| womb na－tures | 賣了 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { a-tone } \\ & \text { as-cend } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | liv－eth |  |
| cru－ci－fid | \｛金在十字 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 徥起，使死 |
| hun－gry dev－ils al－lowed | 驫蹌 |  |  |
|  | 槯，妊由 | ${ }_{\text {guduged }}^{\text {gaturer }}$ |  |
| Jesus Chirist，the Son of God． <br> 1．Je－sus Christ，the Son of God，be－came man， |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| God，he be－came man by be－ing con－ceived by theHo－ly Ghost in the womb of the Vir－gin Ma－ry，and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| born of her yet with－out sin ；thus had he two na－tures |  |  |  |
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2. While on the earth, he went a-bout do-ing good. He taught the peo-ple, fed the hun-gry, healed the sick, cast out dev-ils, and raised the dead.
3. When the full time had come, he al-lowed himself to be be-trayed and cru-ci-fied. He suf-fered and died to a-tone for our sins. He was bur-ied. On the third day he a-rose from the dead. Af-ter for-ty days, he a-gain as-cend-ed in-to heav-en, where he ev -er liv-eth to plead for his peo-ple.


4．At the end of the world he will come a－gain to raise the dead，and gath－er all be－fore him to be judged．
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## エ巴SSON エXII．



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| left | 左便 |
| in－her－it | 嗣 |
| foun－da－tion | 基， |
| curs－ed | 受詛 |
| con－di－tions | 光景 |
| －ter－nal | 永遠 |

The End of the World．
1．At the end of the world，Christ wiil come a－gain in great pow－er and glo－ry．

2．He will raise all the dead to life；and all the hu－man race，both the liv－ing，and all that ev－er have lived，of all ag－es，all ranks and con－di－tions， shall be gath－ered be－fore him．
3. He will then sep-ar-ate the good from the bad, as a shep-herd di-vid-eth his sheep from the goats. He will place the sheep on his right hand, and the goats on his left.
4. To those on his right hand he will say: Come ye bless-ed of my Fath-er in-her-it the king-dom pre-pared for you from the foun-da-tion of the world.
5. To those on his left hand he will say: De-part from me ye curs-ed in-to ev-er-last-ing fire pre-pared for the dev-il and his an-gels. And these shall go a-way in-to ev-er-last-ing pun-ish-ment: but the right-e-ous in-to life e-ter-nal.

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## LESSON LXII.



The Love of God.

1. God is love. God so loved the world that he gave his only be-got-ten Son, that who-so-ev-er be-liev-eth in him should not per-ish, but have ever-last-ing life.
2. The kind-ness of God is shown in gir-ing rain from heaven, and fruitful seasons, so that the wants of men and beasts are all supplied.

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3. God gives us health, he de-fends us by day and guards us by night. Ev-er-y breath is his gift. He gives us friends and all the com-forts of life.
4. God de-sir-eth not the death of any, but rath-er that all would turn and live.
5. Be-cause God loves us, he has pre-pared a place of in-fin-ite and e-ter-nal bless-ed-ness, and he desires us all to ac-cept it.
6. If God so loves us, then sure-ly we ought to love him with all our heart; and if we love him, we will keep his com-mand-ments.


## IESSON IXIV．

| for－give－ness <br> delbts | 罪之赦 | means <br> by no means | 方法 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| debt－ors | 介八者 | clear | 明，釋，乭罪 |
| tres－pass－es | 啡過 | guilt－y | 啡者 |
| de－light－eth | 歡喜 | trans－gres－ | \}罪衍 |
| scar－let | 亦紅 | sion | \}非詵 |
| crim－son | 深紅 | con－fess | 認罪 |
| long－suf－fer－ | \} 容页 | faith－ful | 忠信 |
| ing | \}吕忘 | just | 公義 |
| a－bun－dant | 誾足 | un－right－e－ |  |
| keep－ing | 易，存 | ous－ness | 石 |
| for－giv－ing | 赦 | cleanse | 潔 |

On forgivetess．
1．We may ask God to for－give us our debts as we for－give our debt－ors．

2．If we for－give men their tres－pass－es our heav－ en－ly Fath－er will al－so for－give us：but if we for－ give not men their tres－pass－es，neith－er will our Fath－er for－give our tres－pass－es．

3. The Lord de-light-eth in mer-cy. He says to us: Though your sins be as scar-let, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crim-son, they shall be as wool.
4. He is the Lord God, mer-ci-ful and gra-cious, long-suf-fer-ing and a-bun-dant in good-ness and truth, keep-ing mer-cy for thou-sands, for-giv-ing in-iq-ui-ty and trans-gres-sion and $\sin$; and that will by no means clear the guilt-y.
5. If we con-fess our sins, he is faith-ful and just to for-give us our sins, and to cleanse us from all un-right-c-ous-ness.

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## エ巴SSON エXV．

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| e－ven | \％ |
| ly－ing | 說謊 |
| guile | 詐 僞 |
| wick－ed | 䂞 |
| cho－sen | 被簡 |

boast 誇
know－est 知 per－fect 圣，成 pleas－ure快樂 an－swer 答 turn－eth 轉 haugh－ty傲 soft 婉，軟 pov－er－ty务之
 be－lieve 信
o－pened 開 了
年 prof－it 利 盆 lose 先 en－e－my敵 thirst－y ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{H}$ drink 敛 re－joice 所 喜 mourn 恶 想
knock 印 cre－ate 創造
re－new 修新 re－move革去 de－spise 獘忽 van－i－ty膚浮 pride 䣖傲 go－eth 往 train 教黄 child 兒女 op－pressed 被届者（rest－eth steal 偷䌆 hon－cst 端 夝 en－tered $\lambda$ molt－en 鋀 的 tru－ly 㡺 正 de－light 雚俊 o－ver－come e－ven so a－bom－in－a－ tion speak－ing 険 話 in－struc－tion 教 訓 turn－eth a－ way wrath $\}$ 息 怒 stir

動，激動 griev－ous $\{$
 wine－bib－bers 階 酒 者 wine－bib－bers 嗜 酒 者
drunk－ard


睟酒者
glut－ton drow－si－ness 眼 訓 glad－ness 喜樂 ex－pec－ta－ tion
au－thor－i－ty 秉權 beareth rule 瓡政 de－struc－tion敗墲 heav－i－ness 重者，蒠愁 be－hold－ing turn－ing 轉移
whole
一切，全 love－ly
可愛的 $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { worthy of ac－} \\ \text { cep－ta－tion }\end{array}\right\}$ 可納者

Cre－ator
創造主 youth 幼年時 med－i－ta－tion 懐 念 ac－cept－a－blé 合 意 Re－deem－ér 贖 者 con－ven－ient 便，合宜 de－ny 不認，不允 vain虚，妄稱
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { va－ri－a－ble－} \\ \text { ness }\end{array}\right\}$ 變 易

Script－ure pre－cepts deal

聖書
交易，待，行

Scripture Precepts．
1．Cease to do e－vil．
2．Learn to do well．
3．Re－lieve the op－pressed．
4．Trust in the Lord，and do good．
5．O－ver－come e－vil with good．
6．All things what－so－ev－er ye would that men should do to you，do ye e－ven so to them．

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134. ENGIISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.
135. Ly-ing lips are a-bom-in-a-tion to the Lord: but they that deal tru-ly are his de-light.
136. Keep thy tongue from e-vil, and thy lips from speak-ing guile.
137. A fool de-spis-eth his fath-er's in-struc-tion.
138. En-ter not in-to the path of the wick-ed, and go not in the way of e-vil men.
139. A good name is rath-er to be cho-sen than great rich-es.
140. A soft an-swer turn-eth a-way wrath: but griev-ous words stir up an-ger.
141. An-ger rest-eth in the bo-som of fools.
142. An i-dle soul shall suf-fer hun-ger.


143. Be not a-mong wine-bib-bers; a-mong ri-ot-ous eat-ers of flesh: for the drunk-ard and the glut-ton shall come to por-er-ty: and drow-si-ness shall clothe a man with rags.
144. If thine en-e-my be hun-gry, give him bread to eat: and if he be thirst-y, give him wa-ter to drink.
145. The hope of the right-e-ous shall be glad-ness: but the ex-pec-ta-tion of the wick-ed shall per-ish.


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136 .
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18. When the right-e-ous are in au-thor-i-ty, the peo-ple re-joice: but when the wick-ed bear-eth rule, the peo-ple mourn.
19. The fear of the Lord is the be-gin-ning of knowl-edge: but fools de-spise wis-dom and in-struction.
20. Be not wise in thine own eyes: fear the Lord, and de-part from e-vil.
21. Pride go-eth be-fore de-struc-tion, and a haughty spir-it be-fore a fall.
22. A wise son mak-eth a glad fath-er : but a foolish son is the heav-i-ness of his moth-er.
23. Train up a child in the way he should go: and when he is old, he will not de-part from it.

24. God is a spir-it : and they that wor-ship him, must wor-ship him in spir-it and in truth.
25. The eyes of the Lord are in ev-er-y place, be-hold-ing the e-vil and the good.
26. All have sin-ned, and come short of the glo-ry of God.
27. This is a faith-ful say-ing, and worth-y of all ac-cep-ta-tion, that Je-sus Christ came in-to the world to save sin-ners; of whom I am chief.
28. Ex-cept ye re-pent, ye shall all like-wise per-ish.
29. Be-lieve on the Lord Je-sus Christ, and thou shalt be saved:
30. Ask, and it shall be giv-en you ; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be o-pened un-to you.

31. What shall it prof-it a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul.
32. Christ says : I am the way, the truth, and the life. 33. Je-sus says: Be-hold I stand at the door, and knock : if any man hear my voice, and o-pen the door, I will come in to him, and will step with him, and he with me.
33. Let the words of my mouth, and the med-i-tation of my heart, be ac-cept-a-ble in thy sight, 0 Lord, my strength, and my Re-deem-er.
34. Cre-ate in me a clean heart, 0 God; and renew a right spir-it with-in me.


36．Re－move far from me van－i－ty and lies；give me neith－er pov－er－ty nor rich－es；feed me with food con－ven－ient for me：Lest I be full，and de－ny thee， and say，Who is the Lord？or lest I be poor，and steal，and take the name of my God in vain．

37．What－so－ev－er things are true，
What－so－ev－er things are hon－est，
What－so－ev－er things are just，
What－so－ev－er things are pure，
What－so－ev－er things are love－ly，
What－so－ev－er things are of good report， Think on these things．


36
140. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

38. Re-mem-ber now thy Cre-a-tor in the days of thy youth, while the e-vil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thou shalt say, I have no pleas-ure in them.

39. The Script-ure saith: Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neith-er have en-tered in-to the heart of man, the things which God hath pre-jared for them that love him.
40. Ye shall fear ev-er-y man his moth-er, and his fath-er, and keep my Sab-baths: I am the Lord your God. Turn ye not un-to i-dols, nor make to yourselves molt-en gods : I am the Lord your God.
41. Boast not thy-self of to-mor-row; for thou know-est not what a day may bring forth.
42. Ev-er-y good gift and ev-er-y per-fect gift is from a-bove, and com-eth down from the Fath-er of lights, with whom is no va-ri-a-ble-ness, neith-er shad-ow of turn-ing.

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142. english and chinese lessons．

## IESSON IXVI．

## 第六十六課

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| －scend－ed | 降 臨 | a－dul－ter－y | 姦淫 |
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| quick | 快，生肖 | tion | \}後活 |
| th－o－lic | 公合 | bear | 頁， |
| －o－lic | \}公甥 | wit－ness | 証 |
| urch | ） | bear witn | 作証 |
| church | 啫會 | stran－g | 容旅，新客 |
| com－mun－ | 交通，相通 | co | 全 |
| saints | 劍徒 | as | 驢子 |
| a－men | 心所願 | dai－ly | 日日 |
| guilt－less | 無罪 | temp－ta | 誘惑 |
| tak－eth | 取，用 | de－liv－er | 交脫，救脫 |
| neigh－bor | 粼 | creed | 信 |
| where－fore | 是故 | pray－er | 㬵隯文 |

## The Cheed．

I be－lieve in God the Fath－er Al－might－y，
Mak－er of heav－en and earth ：
And in Je－sus Christ，his on－ly Son，our Lord， Who was con－ceived by the Ho－ly Ghost，Born of the vir－gin Ma－ry ；Suf－fered un－der Pon－tius Pi－late， Was cru－ci－fied，dead and bur－ied；He de－scend－ed in－to hell ；The third day he rose from the dead ；

He as－cend－ed in－to heav－en，And sit－teth on the right hand of God the Fath－er Al－might－y；From thence he saall come to judge the quick and the dead．

I be－lieve in the Ho－ly Ghost ；The ho－ly cath－o－lic church；The com－mun－ion of saints；The for－give－ ness of sins；The res－ur－rec－tion of the bod－y；And the life ev－er－last－ing．A－men．

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144. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

Ten Comandments.

1. Thou shalt have no oth-er gods be-fore me.
2. Thou shalt not make un-to thee any grav-en im-age, or any like-ness of any thing that is in heaven a-bove, or that is in the earth be-neath, or that is in the wa-ter un-der the earth : Thou shalt not bow down thy-self to them, nor serve them : for I the Lord thy God am a jeal-ous God, vis-it-ing the in-iq-ui-ty of the fath-ers up-on the chil-dren un-to the third and fourth gen-er-a-tion of them that hate me; And show-ing mer-cy un-to thou-sands of them that love me, and keep my com-mand-ments.

3. Thon shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain : for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that tak-cth his name in vain.
4. Re-mem-ber the Sab-bath-day to keep it ho-ly. Six days shalt thou la-bor and do all thy work; But the sev-enth day is the Sab-bath of the Lord thy God : in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daugh-ter, thy man-serv-ant, nor thy maid-serv-ant, nor thy cat-tle, nor the stran-ger that is with-in thy gates: For in six days the Lord made heav-en and earth, the sea and all that in them is, and rest-ed the sev-enth day; where-fore the Lord blessed the Sab-bath-day and hal-low-ed it.

5. . ENGLISH AND CIIINESF LESSONS.
6. Hon-or thy fath-er and thy moth-er: that thy days may be long up-on the land which the Lord thy God giv-eth thee.
7. Thou shalt not kill.
8. Thou shalt not com-mit a-dul-ter-y.
9. Thou shalt not steal.
10. Thou shalt not bear false wit-ness a-gainst thy neigh-bor.
11. Thou shalt not cov-et thy neigh-bor's house, thou shalt not cov-et thy neigh-bor's wife, nor his man-serv-ant, nor his maid-serv-ant nor his ox, nor his ass, nor any thing that is thy neigh-bor's.


12. 

english and chinese lessons．
IESSON IXVII．
ques－tions wor－ship－ed art
wo－man
dust
breath－ed spring man－kind turn－ed for－get ab－hor－rence drown－ed wick－ed－ness drown－ing di－rect－ed build－ing ark
sav－ing
wives
creep－ing
high－est
moun－tain caused brok－en con－tin－ue al－most liv－ed

問話
崇拜了
技藝，機巧
女人
塵土
呼吸，吹氣
本源，春天
人類了
忘記
澛惡
涚死丁
惡事
溺
指示了
起造
方舟
救
妻
务，爬
至高
山
便了
破，潰裂
留存
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1. How ma-ny Gods are there?

There is but one on-ly, the liv-ing and true God.
2. If there is but one God, why do we speak of God the Fath-er, of Je-sus Christ, and of the Ho-ly Ghost?

The Fath-er, the Son, and the Ho-ly Ghost, are three per-sons in one God; the same in sub-stance, e-qual in pow-er and glo-ry.
3. How ought God to be wor-ship-ed?

God is a Spir-it : and they that wor-ship him, must wor-ship him in spir-it and in truth.

4. Is it right to wor-ship im-ag-es?

No. We onght not to think that God is like un-to gold, or sil-ver, or stone, grav-en by art and man's de-vice.
5. Who made the world?

God.
6. Who made us?

God madeans, and a.l men, and all things.
7. Who was the first man?

Ad-am was the first man, and Ere was the first wo-man.
8. How did God make man?

God made man of the dust of the earth, and breathed in-to him the breath of life, and Eve he made of a rib tak-en from Ad-am's side.

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9．Did all the hu－man race spring from Ad－am and Eve？

They did，and there－fore all man－kind are breth－ren． 10．If there is but one God，and all men are breth－ ren，what ought all men to do ？

All men ought to wor－ship this one God，and to love one an－oth－er．

11．What will become of those who do not wor－ ship the true God？

The wicked shall be turned in－to hell，and all the nations that for－get God．

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12. Has God some-times shown his great ab-horrence of $\sin$ ?

God once drowned the world by a flood of water, be-cause the wick-ed-ness of the peo-ple was so great.
13. Were any saved from drown-ing?

Yes. There was one right-e-ous man named No-ah, God di-rect-ed him to build an ark for the sav-ing of him-self and his fam-i-ly.
14. How ma-ny pen-ple were saved?

There were eight saved-No-ah, and his wife, his three sons and their wires: al-so two, (a male and fe-male), of ev-er-y kind of beast, and bird, and creeping thing.


15．How high did the wa－ter rise？
O－ver the tops of the high－est mount－ains．
16．How was such a flood caused？
God caused it to rain for－ty days and for－ty nights，and al－so caused the fount－ains of the great deep to be brok－en up．

17．How long did the wa－ters con－tin－ue on the earth？

It was al－most a year be－fore it was dry e－nough for No－ah to leave the ark．

18．How long ago was the flood？
4220 years ago．


154. english and chinese lessons.
19. Did peo-ple live to a great age be-fore the flood?

- Yes. Ma-ny lived to be sev-er-al hun-dred years old.
- 20. Who was the old-est man?

Me-thus-e-lah. He died at the age of nine hundred and six-ty nine years.
21. What were the names of No-ah's sons?

Shem, Ham, and Japh-eth.
22. Can you tell what na-tions have de-scend-ed from Shem, what from Ham, and what from Japh-eth?

In gen-er-al, the A-si-at-ics de-scend-ed from Shem, the Af-ri-cans from Ham, and the Eu-ro-peans from Japh-eth.


of Christ there were 2348 years，and from the ad－vent of Christ to the pres－ent time，there have been 1872 years；mak－ing in all 5876 years．

25．When Je－sus Christ came in－to the world， where did he live？

In the coun－try called Ju－de－a．

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\text { ENGLISH AND CIIINESE LESSONS. } 157 .
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26. Where is Ju-de-a?

In the west-ern part of the con-ti-nent of $A$-si-a, a-bout 4500 miles west of Can-ton.
27. How long did Je-sus Christ re-main as a man up-on the earth?

Thir-ty three and a half years. He was then cru-ci-fied by wick-ed men, and was bur-ied; the third day he rose a-gain, and aft-er for-ty days he as-cend-ed to heav-en.
28. Why did Je-sus, the son of God, be-come man? He be-came man that he might be our Saviour. By suf-fer-ing he a-toned for our sins. He ful-filled the law in our be-half. By his per-fect life he showed us how to live.

29. Is Je-sus a Sav-iour for all peo-ple as well as for the peo-ple of Ju-de-a?

He is a Sav-iour for all peo-ple. He says : Look un-to me, all ye ends of the earth, and be ye saved.
30. How can we be saved by him?

By be-liev-ing in him: that is, by con-fessing and for-sak-ing our sins, by ac-cept-ing of Jesus as our Sav-iour, and by do-ing ev-er-y thing which he com-mands us in his ho-ly word.


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|  | Lesson | －xv |  |
| do．er | 做者 | hurt | 害，傷 |
| re－ward |  | de－stroy | 敗隇 |
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| ven－era－a－ble reeomi |  |  |  |
| rec－om－ pens－ed | \}報答了 | ad－vo－cate | 挽回之 |
| ar－riv－ed | 來到 | tion | 祭 |
| dur－ing life | 平生 | in－sig－nifi－i－ | 舞緊要 |
| prac－tice | 晛練行喛 | cant | 無盅要 |
| con－fer | 賏 | ac－cbunt | 棖目 |
| hap－pi－ness |  | give ac－ |  |
| stu－pid | 耇，嘱 | count | 陳訴之 |
| ob－sti－nate | 堅執 | there－of |  |
| mis-fort- |  | judg－ment prov－erb | 室制 |
| nev－er－the－ | \}然而 | climb－ing | 登高攀上 |
| less | ）然而 | em－i－－nence |  |
| diif－fi－cult | 奀囫，難 | tum－bling | 肳傾䫓 |
| es－cape | 楾避 | down－hill | 落山 |
| curse |  | ru－in | 敗壞 |
| de－spite－ful－ | \}殘虐的 | strait |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { per－se－cute } \\ \text { ac－quire }}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | 進書 |  | 在焳 |
| ac－quire |  |  |  |

Chinese Proverbs, and Scripture.

1. Con-fu-ci-us said: The do-er of good, Heav-en will re-ward him with bless-ings : the do-er of what is not good, Heav-en will rec-om-pense him with ca-lam-i-ties.

The Bi-ble says: The wag-es of sin is death; but the gift of God is e-ter-nal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord.
2. Su, the Ven-er-a-ble, said: Good is rec-om-pens-ed with good ; e-vil is rec-om-pens-ed with e-vil ; if as yet there is no rec-om-pense, then the time for it has not ar-riv-ed. Dur-ing all the life prac-tice good and Heav-en wiil con-fer hap-pi-ness; but if one is stu-pid and ob-sti-nate, he will re-ceive ca-lam-i-ties and mis-fort-unes. Good and bad nev-er-the-less will at last have their re-ward. Fly high, or run far, still will it be dif-fi-cult to es-cape.


The Bi-ble says: Be sure your sin will find you out. 3. Han Hau Chu said: Do not con-sid-er that an e-vil thing, be-cause it is small, may there-fore be done : neith-er con-sid-er that be-cause a cer-tain good thing is in-sig-nif-i-cant, it may there-fore not be done.

Je-sus says: Ev-er-y i-dle word that men shall speak, they shall give ac-count there-of in the day of judg-ment.
4. A prov-erb says: To do good is like climb-ing up an em-i-nence : to do e-vil is like tum-bling downhill to ru-in.

Je-sus says: En-ter ye in at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that lead-eth to de-struc-tion, and ma-ny there be which go in thereat : be-cause strait is the gate, and nar-row is the way which lead-eth un-to life, and few there be that find it.

5. Chwang said: He that does good to me, I must do good to him: he that does e-vil to me, I must still do good to him.

Je-sus says: Love your en-e-mies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which de-spite-ful-ly use you, and per-se-cute you.
6. Men-ci-us said : If man does what is not good, he may ac-quire fame ; men may not hurt him, but Heaven will sure-ly de-stroy him.

The Bi-ble says: The tri-umph-ing of the wick-ed is short. God shall bring ev-er-y work in-to judg-ment, with ev-er-y se-cret thing, wheth-er it be good, or wheth-er it be e-vil.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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|  |  |
|  |  |

7. Con-fu-ci-us said : He that sins a-gainst Heav-en, has none to whom he can pray.

Je-sus says: What-so-ev-er ye shall ask in prayer, be-liev-ing, ye shall re-ceive.

The A-pos-tle John says: If any man sin, we have an ad-vo-cate with the Fath-er, Je-sus Christ the right-e-ous : and he is the pro-pi-ti-a-tion for our sins; and not for ours on-ly, but al-so for the sins of the whole world.

The A-pos-tle Paul says: There-fore be-ing jus-ti-fied by faith, we have peace with God through our Iord Je-sus Christ.

164.

ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS．

| self | 哏本 | re－ly－ing |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pun－ish－ed | 被罰 | me | 功 |

A Praxtr．
O，thou mer－ci－ful，true，and liv－ing God，have mer－cy on me a sin－ner．Send down the Ho－ly Spir－it to change my wick－ed heart．I in my－self have no strength ；good works I can－not do．Though I ought to be pun－ish－ed，yet I pray my heav－en－ly Fath－er to con－ fer bless－ings．My ma－ny sins I pray my heav－en－ly Fath－er to for－give，and to de－liv－er me from e－vil，for the sake of the Lord Je－sus Christ．I wait for Je－sus to come a－gain to re－ceive me to heav－en．Re－ly－ing up－on the mer－it of Je－sus I pray，hear my pray－er． I praise the heav－en－ly Fath－er， I praise Je－sus， I praise the Ho－ly Ghost， Three per－sons in one God．


ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONs．
165. 1＇MRASES．

Get up．
企起身 Come here．來呢處 Come in．

> 入 來 Help me．幫助我

Go out．出去
Sit down．坐 落 Go to sleep．去睡 Look there．看個處

> Go thor．去個監 Lie down．刵落
> Wake up．醒起
> See here．
> 看呢處

點火
Make tea．

Cook the food．

## 荧食物

Set the table．

## 擺 梪

Clear of the ta－blo．收檯
Wash the dish－es．
洗 碗 碟
Go and buy rice．去買 米
Get some bread．
拈 麵 飽 來
Bake the bread．
梮 麵 飽
Boil the rice．
責 饭

## 录茶

．
e.

Light the fire．
Cook the meat．
况肉
Put some wood in the stove．殽些柴落火爐 Get some rice．拈些米來
Go to the store．
去 到 舖 頭
Make the beds．
整 床 鋪
Peel the apples．
批平果
Wash the po－ta－toes．
洗薯仔
Light the lamp．點枝燈
Sweep the floor．
掃地板
Wash the floor．
洗 地 板
166. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS．

Dust the fur－ni－ture．抹家私什物
O－pen the door．
開門
Shut the door．
掩理門
Lock the door．
鎖 門
Bolt the door．
閂
Wind up the clock．
上鐘鍊
Wash your face．
洗爾面
Put on your boots．
着 爾 靴
Take off your clothes．
脫去爾衣服
Comb your hair．
梳 爾 頭 髮 Brush your clothes．刷爾衣服
Brush your boots．
刷 爾 靴
Col－lect the bills．
收 數
Pay your debts．
還 債

Take it a－way．
拈他的去
Bring it here．
拈他的來
Right a－way．
立刻
It is brok－en．

定着他 修補他
Be as quick as you can．
滥力咁快
Do you hear．
爾聽聞否
I am wait－ing．
我等待
Let it a－lone．

## 勿擵他 唔好咁做

Let me see．
俾我看
That is e－nough．
這是殼了
Hoist the win－dow．
上窓門
Let down the win－dow．
落窓門
Do not make a noise．
莫出聲

Keep still．
静静的，安静
Do not speak．

## 莫講

Stand up．
企立
Let me go．
俾我去
Dont be i－dle．

## 莫懶惰

Earn your liv－ing．爾以工作爲生活計 Is it true？
個的是重否
Are you sure？
爾知到實嗎
How do you know？
爾怎樣知到
What is the news？
是甚麼新聞
Who told you？
是誰說爾知
When will you be read－y？
爾何時整便
When will you go？
爾何時去
By and by．
等些少時候

I may go to－mor－row．
我或者明日去
Per－hans I will go to－day．
或是我今日去
Have you dined？
爾食了大餐麼
Not yet．
未萷
The bell is ring－ing．
今時聽鐘响
Go and see who is at the door．
去看知是誰在門外
Who is it？
他是誰
What does he want？
他要甚麼
Tell him to come in．
請他進來
I am bus－y．
我有事
I have no time to spare．
我未啹
Call a－gain．
請再來
I am hun－gry．
我肚飢
He is thirst－y．
他是喉渴

What lady is that？
他是甚麼艮子
Who says so？
是誰說的
Who will help me？
是誰肯媴助我
Who did it？
這個是誰做的
Which do you want？
爾要那—個
What do you want？
爾要何物
What can you do？
爾能做甚麼
What is the price of it？
這固値多少價錢
What did you sny？
爾說過甚麼
What will you have？
爾要甚麼
What time is it？如今幾罗點鐘
What is the use of it？這的是何用的
What are you look－ing at？爾看向甚麼
What is the mat－ter？
有甚麼事情
That is true．

這個是兴的
That will do．
罷了，够了
Where is it？

## 這個在那處

Where have you been？
爾往過那處
When are you go－ing home？
雯 幾 時 回 家
Do you know me？
爾可認得我否
Are you sick？
爾有病䧞
Are you well？
爾 精 市嗎
How is your health？
爾身體是甚麼，
平安否
Good morn－ing．
早晨
Good－bye．
請了，好行
Good night．
安然好睡
It is hot．
這個是熱，天氯是熱
It is cold．
他是冷，天氣是冷

Cloud－y weath－er．
天雲鬘騝
Wet weath－er．
天氣湿
Dry weath－er．
天氣早
Cold weath－er．

## 天氣冷

This is a cold sea－son．今是冷時
This is the rain－y sea－son．今是雨天時
A cold wind－y day．洽風之日
A frost－y night．落霜之夜

What is your name？
爾甚麼名
How old are you？
爾是幾多歲
Where do you live？
爾在那處住
Where are you from？
爾從何處來
What do you work at？
爾做何工作
Can you speak English？
爾識講英話否
Can you write？
爾能寫字否
Write your name．
䉆爾的名

170. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS．

One half．
一少
One third．
三份—
One quar－ter．
四份—
One doz－en．
十二個
Twice as much．
兩倍之
Half as much．

## 一斗之多

Three times as much．


二十
One gross．
十三目十二即

One quire．
一刀紙，即二十四張 This man has good man－ ners．

## 此人 好禮貌

He is po－lite．

## 他是好禮儀的

That per－son is rude．
他是粗俗的人
Please teach him some po－
lite phras－s．
請教他幾句鉬儀文 Ver－y well，I will try．好呀，我試教他
Please，sir，come in．請爾先生入來
Will you have a seat，sir？
爾 可 坐 位，先 生
Please be seat－ed．
請 坐
Are you well？
父平安呀
Ver－y well，I thank you．罗謝狠好
Is your fam－i－ly well？爾府上好岈
Thank you，ver－y well．托賴狠好
Is bus－i－ness good？
好生意呀
Will you have a cup of tea？
爾要杯茶呀
If you please．

## 若 爾 准

May I troub－le you for a glass of wa－ter？
多煩爾俾我一杯水
No troub－le，sir．
好話，唔多煩，先生

Will you please as－sist me？請爾可幫助我否 With great plas－ure．是，極情願
May I help you to fruit？任我俾果子與爾 Thank you，not any more．多謝，悟在咯 Now I must leave you．今時作別去
Please tar－ry a－while yet．請爾再坐些添 Call a－gain ver－y soon．請爾早日返來坐 Do you live far from here？爾居住的屋是遠否 Not far．
不是遠
Can I be of serv－ice to you？爾要我代勞否
No，I thank you．
多謝我不要
I beg your par－don．晤該，
It is grant－ed．


Ex－cuse me．

## 寛恕我

Will you fa－vor us with
your com－pa－ny to－mor－ row at break－fast？
明朝請駕光臨我舍下一叙
Thank you．It will af－ford me great pleas－ure．
多謝爾，個的令我好歡喜
Has the steam－er sailed？火船開身否
When will she sail？
火船幾時開身 She is to sail next Mon－day．下禮手一定期開身 When did the steam－er ar－rive？
火船幾時到的 She ar－rived this morn－ing．他今朝到的
Did she bring ma－ny pas－ sen－gers？
他載搭客多否
She brought a－bout six hun－dred．
他載來搭客大絇六百
Did you re－ceive any let－ ters？
爾有信接到否


Yes，sir．I re－ceived sev－ er－al．

他是我朋友
What is his bus－i－ness？

有，先生，我接得幾封 Are you go－ing to the post of－fice？爾将去書信館否 Please in－quire for my let－ ters and news－pa－pers．多煩爾查我的信前新聞紙 Who is that？

## 他是誰

That is my friend．

他做甚麼貴幹 He is a mer－chant．他是貿易的人 Does he suc－ceed in bus－ i－ness？
他 是 順 遂 否 Pretty well，I think．我想他頗好
Has he been long in Cal－ i－for－ni－a？
他在金山好久麼
[FORM OF A Letter.]
San Francisco, Gal., Sf ch. 25 th, 1872.
My Q ear PParents,
eft is now seven months since
Pf left you, and the lime seems very long indeed; for in this country we find things very different from what they are in China.

Our Chinese people do not live in families as they do in China. EThere are very fou Chinese women here of good character, and the men are very much crowded in lodging and boarding houses; and the accommodations are genevally very poor; although as to supplies for the table we fare Veter than the common people do in China.
174. english and chinese lessons.

Our people are very much exposed 10 temptations here. SThere are a great many gambling shops, and innumerable vendeus of lottery tickets; opium mating is fearfully prevalent, the lewd women have no shame, and theaters are open every night: also frequently during the day.

OF hope \&F may be able to resist these temptations. Of know that only God can give me strength to do so. you pray for me.
@ trust that $\odot$ may never forget my filial duties.
-Please give my love to all vela. lives and fiends.

Qr remain ever,
Ofour affectionate son,. On Ghat.
english and chinese lessons.

Sacramento, effie. 20th, 18inQ.
EMt efong Eng,
of Wing Wong Lung. \& Co.
Dear efirend,
Odour letter of Gan. BOth was duly received. Of answer to your inquires regarding the openings for business here, $\Theta \mathcal{F}$ have to say: that, though we would be very glad to have you near us, business of all hinds is very dull. We hope soon to see a change for the letter, and lie assured that the first farorable indications will be promptly reported to you.

Of ours very truly,
Open Thong \& Co.

## Dear abl OCam,

Ofour note of yesterday is at hand. Of will with great pleasure, procure and forward the articles as re. quested.

Sloping that yourself and all our mutual friends are vul,

Of remain as ever,
Ufos. aft.
Quan $O_{n}$,
Stockton. Otpr. B, 1871.

ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.
[ORDER FOR GOODS.]

Ollessus MLoopmanschap \&f Co.
Gentlemen,
PPlease deliver to the beazer the goods as peet the accompranying memorandum.

Otnd ollige,
Ofours tw $y$,

$$
\text { Chy LLung of } \mathscr{C}_{0} \text {. }
$$

Etpuil 7th, 1871.
eVo.
Pacramento efroet, San Erancisco.


180. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

## Slan EThancioco, Elug. 7. 1871.

OMr. Golme alall,

## E\% Gucod CYmith, ©


" 10 llis Guva Goffice, at 40 cts. 400 "20 „DBest PButter at50cls. 1000 "1 gt. OMille, at rocts........ 10 \$4 21.10
$\begin{array}{r}\text { Cuediued by Cash ..... } 12.00 \\ \text { OBulance.......年 } 9.10 \\ \hline\end{array}$

## Precid. Paymt.

Gacok O mith,
SBy Walue ©̌lanko.

[roon of megriet zor mestr]
Received, Of an efrancioco, Guly 1n, 1871, of Puul Gones, the sum of ETwenty $\frac{50}{100}$ ODollars, in full of rint for house © Fo OS $_{0}$, Pine Oft., from Gune 10, to date.

$$
\$ 20 \cdot \frac{50}{100}
$$

Charles Everelt.

Stockion, OMay gih, 1871.
Teccived from Games Olorton, the sum of one ©ैundred ODollurs, being the amount of one Quarter's rent of SD wet-
 and ending the 29th day of Etpril last. $\$ 100$

Pobert Malleck.
[forme of receipt to apply on account.]

## 荈 $147 \frac{.57}{100}$

Pin efirancisco, fan. 6, 1811.
Deceived of Joseph eFanner, the sum of One Olundred and forty Seven Dollars and Efifty Seven Gents, to apply on account.

## Benjamin Carl.

[form of receipt m full of all demands.]

## 84400

1

$$
\text { Oiallyj, Oct. 11, } 1871 .
$$

Received of Edxuard E®ully, the sum of Four Clundied Collars, in full of all demands.

Geo. Smith.

## AbBreviations.

Gent.-Gentleman.
Mr. Mister. Mrs. Mistress.
Esq. Esquire.
M. D. Medical Doctor. Rev. Reverend.
D. D. Doctor of Divinity. Capt. Captain.
Messrs. Sirs. Gentlemen.
Gov. Governor.
Hon. Honorable.
Prcs. President.
Prof. Professor.
Co. Company.
Dr. Debtor : Doctor.
Cr. Creditor.
A. M. Forenoon.
P. M. Afternoon.
P. S. Post Script.
P. O. Post Office.

No. Number.
Ans. Answer.
Do. Ditto. The same.
Viz. Namely.
Rec'd. Received.
Pd. Paid.
Id. The ame.
I. E. That is.

Bbl. Barrel.
Lbs. Pounds.
Bu. Bushel.
Cwt. One hundred weight.
Cts. Cents.
\$ Dollar.
Yd. Yard.
Chap. Chapter.
\& And.
Etc. Et cetera.
\&c. And so forth.
U. S. A. United States of America.
N. North. E. East. S. South. W. West.
B. C. Before Christ.
A. D. Anno Domini. In the year of our Lord.
Jan. January.
Feb. February.
Apr. April.
Aug. August.
Sept. September.
Oct. October.
Nov. November.
Dec. December.

## MULTIPLICATION TABLE.

| once | 1 | is 1 | 3 times | 1 | are 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| once | 2 | is 2 | 3 times | 2 | are 6 |
| once | 3 | is 3 | 3 times | 3 | are 9 |
| once | 4 | is 4 | 3 times | 4 | are 12 |
| once | 5 | is 5 | 3 times | 5 | are 15 |
| once | 6 | is 6 | 3 times | 6 | are 18 |
| once | 7 | is 7 | 3 times | 7 | are 21 |
| once | 8 | is 8 | 3 times | 8 | are 24 |
| once | 9 | is 9 | 3 times | 9 | are 27 |
| once | 10 is 10 | 3 times | 10 are 30 |  |  |
| once | 11 is 11 | 3 times | 11 are 33 |  |  |
| once | 12 is 12 | 3 times | 12 are 36 |  |  |
| twice | 1 | are 2 | 4 times | 1 | are 4 |
| twice | 2 are 4 | 4 times | 2 | are 8 |  |
| twice | 3 | are 6 | 4 times | 3 | are 12 |
| twice | 4 | are 8 | 4 times | 4 | are 16 |
| twice | 5 | are 10 | 4 times | 5 | are 20 |
| twice | 6 | are 12 | 4 times | 6 | are 24 |
| twice | 7 | are 14 | 4 times | 7 | are 28 |
| twice | 8 | are 16 | 4 times | 8 | are 32 |
| twice | 9 | are 18 | 4 times | 9 | are 36 |
| twice | 10 are 20 | 4 times | 10 are 40 |  |  |
| twice | 11 are 22 | 4 times | 11 are 44 |  |  |
| twice | 12 are 24 | 4 times | 12 are 48 |  |  |

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ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 times | 1 | are | 5 | 7 times | 1 |
| are | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 times | 2 | are 10 | 7 times | 2 | are 14 |
| 5 times | 3 | are 15 | 7 times | 3 | are 21 |
| 5 times | 4 | are 20 | 7 times | 4 | are 28 |
| 5 times | 5 | are 25 | 7 times | 5 | are 35 |
| 5 times | 6 | are 30 | 7 times | 6 | are 42 |
| 5 times | 7 | are 35 | 7 times | 7 | are 49 |
| 5 times | 8 | are 40 | 7 times | 8 | are 56 |
| 5 times | 9 | are 45 | 7 times | 9 | are 63 |
| 5 times | 10 are 50 | 7 times | 10 are 70 |  |  |
| 5 times | 11 are 55 | 7 times | 11 are 77 |  |  |
| 5 times | 12 are 60 | 7 times | 12 are 84 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 6 times | 1 | are 6 | 8 times | 1 | are 8 |
| 6 times | 2 | are 12 | 8 times | 2 | are 16 |
| 6 times | 3 | are 18 | 8 times | 3 | are 24 |
| 6 times | 4 | are 24 | 5 times | 4 | are 32 |
| 6 times | 5 | are 30 | 8 times | 5 | are 40 |
| 6 times | 6 | are 36 | 8 times | 6 | are 48 |
| 6 times | 7 | are 42 | 8 times | 7 | are 56 |
| 6 times | 8 | are 48 | 8 times | 8 | are 64 |
| 6 times | 9 | are 54 | 8 times | 9 | are 72 |
| 6 times | 10 are 60 | 8 times | 10 are 80 |  |  |
| 6 times | 11 are 66 | 8 times | 11 are 88 |  |  |
| 6 times | 12 are 72 | 8 times | 12 are 96 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 times | 1 | are | 9 | 11 times | 1 | are | 11 |
| 9 times | 2 | are | 18 | 11 times | 2 | are | 22 |
| 9 times | 3 | are | 27 | 11 times | 3 | are | 33 |
| 9 times | 4 | are | 36 | 11 times | 4 | are | 44 |
| 9 times | 5 | are | 45 | 11 times | 5 | are | 55 |
| 9 times | 6 | are | 54 | 11 times | 6 | are | 66 |
| 9 times | 7 | are | 63 | 11 times | 7 | are | 77 |
| 9 times | 8 | are | 72 | 11 times | 8 | are | 88 |
| 9 times | 9 | are | 81 | 11 times | 9 | are | 99 |
| 9 times | 10 | are | 90 | 11 times | 10 | are 110 |  |
| 9 times | 11 | are | 99 | 11 times | 11 | are 121 |  |
| 9 times | 12 | are 108 | 11 times | 12 | are 132 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 times | 1 | are | 10 | 12 times | 1 | are | 12 |
| 10 times | 2 | are | 20 | 12 times | 2 | are | 24 |
| 10 times | 3 | are | 30 | 12 times | 3 | are | 36 |
| 10 times | 4 | are | 40 | 12 times | 4 | are | 48 |
| 10 times | 5 | are | 50 | 12 times | 5 | are | 60 |
| 10 times | 6 | are | 60 | 12 times | 6 | are | 72 |
| 10 times | 7 | are | 70 | 12 times | 7 | are | 84 |
| 10 times | 8 | are | 80 | 12 times | 8 | are | 96 |
| 10 times | 9 | are | 90 | 12 times | 9 | are 108 |  |
| 10 times | 10 | are 100 | 12 times | 10 | are 120 |  |  |
| 10 times | 11 | are 110 | 12 times | 11 | are 132 |  |  |
| 10 times | 12 | are 120 | 12 times | 12 | are 144 |  |  |
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\end{gathered}
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